III YEAR SEM-1 B.Tech CSE	ELECTIVE	L	T	P	C
	Cryptography & Network				
CODE: CS3505	Security	2	2	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVES		
1.	To understand basics of Cryptography and Network Security.	
2.	To be able to secure a message over insecure channel by various means.	
3.	To learn about how to maintain the Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability of a data.	
4.	To understand various protocols for network security to protect against the threats in the networks.	

SYLLABUS:

UNITI(Introduction to Cryptography and Block Ciphers)

Introduction to security attacks - services and mechanism - introduction to cryptography - Conventional Encryption: Conventional encryption model - classical encryption techniques - substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers - cryptanalysis - steganography - stream and blockciphers - Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principals - Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion - fiestal structure - data encryption standard(DES) - strength of DES - differential and linearcrypt analysis of DES - block cipher modes of operations - triple DES - AES.

Unit II (Confidentiality and Modular Arithmetic)

Confidentiality using conventional encryption - traffic confidentiality - key distribution - random number generation - Introduction to graph - ring and field - prime and relative prime numbers - modular arithmetic - Fermat's and Euler's theorem - primality testing - Euclid's Algorithm - Chinese Remainder theorem - discrete algorithms.

Unit III (Public key cryptography and Authentication requirements)

Principles of public key crypto systems - RSA algorithm - security of RSA - key management – Diffle-Hellman key exchange algorithm - introductory idea of Elliptic curve cryptography – Elgamel encryption - Message Authentication and Hash Function: Authentication requirements - authentication functions - message authentication code - hash functions - birthday attacks – security of hash functions and MACS.

Unit IV (Integrity checks and Authentication algorithms)

MD5 message digest algorithm - Secure hash algorithm (SHA) Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures - authentication protocols - digital signature standards (DSS) - proof of digital signature algorithm - Authentication Applications: Kerberos and X.509 - directory authentication service - electronic mail security-pretty good privacy (PGP) - S/MIME.

Unit V (IP Security and Key Management)

IP Security: Architecture - Authentication header - Encapsulating security payloads - combining security associations - key management.

Unit VI (Web and System Security)

Web Security: Secure socket layer and transport layer security - secure electronic transaction (SET) - System Security: Intruders - Viruses and related threads - firewall design principals - trusted systems.

RESOURCES:

Video Lectures

- 1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105031/lecture by Dr. Debdeep MukhopadhyayIIT Kharagpur
- 2. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-033-computer-system-engineering-spring-2009/video-lectures/ lecture by Prof. Robert Morris and Prof. Samuel Madden MIT.

Text Books

- 1. William Stallings, "Crpyptography and Network security Principles and Practices", Pearson/PHI.
- 2. Wade Trappe, Lawrence C Washington, "Introduction to Cryptography with coding theory", Pearson.

Reference Books

- 1. W. Mao, "Modern Cryptography Theory and Practice", Pearson Education.
- 2. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger Security in computing Prentice Hall of India.

OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, the learners would be able to

- 1. Provide security of the data over the network.
- 2. Do research in the emerging areas of cryptography and network security.
- 3. Implement various networking protocols.
- 4. Protect any network from the threats in the world.